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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/711,037	08/19/2004	Po-Wei Chao	REAP0088USA	5036
27765 7590 07/03/2007 NORTH AMERICA INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY CORPORATION P.O. BOX 506			EXAMINER	
			BLOOM, NATHAN J	
MERRIFIELD,	MERRIFIELD, VA 22116		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2624	
•				-
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		·	07/03/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/711,037	CHAO, PO-WEI			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Nathan Bloom	2624			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
		VIC OFT TO EVOIDE AMOUNT!	(C) OB TUBTY (20) DAYC			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Dansions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•		•			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 A	ugust 2004.				
,	<u> </u>	action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.					
7) 🖂	Claim(s) <u>14</u> is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
A44 m m la con =	**(a)					
Attachmen	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summan	/ (PTO-413)			
2) Notice	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	Pate			
· —	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>08/19/2004</u> .	5) Motice of Informal (6) Other:	ratent Application			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 14 is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "stored" was misspelled and the suggested correction is shown in the Claim Rejections below. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 3-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Campbell (US 6133957) in view of Hahn (US 7092033).

Instant Claim 1: An intra-field interpolation method for generating a target pixel value, the method comprising:

receiving a plurality of pixel values of an image field; [Campbell: Fig 1 and 5 shown the plurality of pixels, Fig. 3 depicts the operations performed including the memory (10) for storing the pixels.]

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generating a first pixel difference set from the received pixel values using a first pixel difference algorithm; [Campbell: Fig 2 steps S20 and S30, Fig 3 items 20 and 30. Campbell describes in column 3 lines 60+ and column 4 line 1 the first pixel difference set as V_{311} wherein the difference between the pixels is measured and the pixels of Figure 1 are used as an example.] generating a second pixel difference set from the received pixel values using a second pixel difference algorithm; [Campbell: Fig 2 steps S20 and S30, Fig 3 items 20 and 30. Campbell describes in column 4 lines 2-15 the second pixel difference set as V_{312} wherein the difference between the pixels is measured and the pixels of Figure 1 are used as an example.] and blending the received pixel values according to the first pixel difference set and the second pixel difference set, to generate the target pixel value. [Campbell describes the blending of pixel differences in interpolation but does not do so between the 1st and 2nd pixel difference set. However, Hahn discloses an interpolation method in which the gradients are calculated between pixel and weights are assigned to each of these such that the target pixel to be interpolated is calculated based on the weights of these gradients. Hahn described this in Figures 1-3, column 3 lines 24-63, and column 4 lines 3-33. Campbell and Hahn both teach deinterlacing methods and it would have been obvious to combine the teachings of Campbell with Hahn to improve the accuracy of the deinterlacing.]

Instant Claim 3: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, wherein the pixel values of the image field comprises pixel values of at least one upper line of the target pixel value, and pixel values of at least one lower line of the target pixel value. [Campbell: Figure 1. Hahn: Figures 1-

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Instant Claim 4: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 3, wherein the first pixel difference set is generated from the pixel values of the upper line and of the lower line. [See equation for V_{311} and Figure 1 of Campbell identified in rejection of instant claim 1.]

Instant Claim 5: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 3, wherein the second pixel difference set is generated from the pixel values of the upper line and of the lower line. [See equation for V_{312} and Figure 1 of Campbell identified in rejection of instant claim 1.]

Instant Claim 6: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, wherein each entry of the first pixel difference set is generated by calculating the differences among a plurality of pixel values of the image field along a corresponding direction. [See equation for V_{311} and Figure 1 of Campbell identified in rejection of instant claim 1.]

Instant Claim 7: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, wherein each entry of the second pixel difference set is generated by calculating the differences between a plurality of pixel values of the image field and a plurality of reference pixel values along a corresponding direction. [See equation for $V_{3/2}$ and Figure 1 of Campbell identified in rejection of instant claim 1.]

Instant Claim 8: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, further comprising: calculating the differences among a plurality of pixel values of an image line of the image field, to indicate a gradient characteristic of the pixel values of the image line. [A gradient defines the amount of change in a direction. The equations V_{312} and V_{311} disclosed by Campbell define the difference between pixels in a given direction.]

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Instant Claim 9: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 8, wherein the image line is an upper line of the target pixel value. [Campbell Figure 1.]

Instant Claim 10: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 8, wherein the image line is a lower line of the target pixel value. [Campbell Figure 1.]

Instant Claim 11: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 8, further comprising: selecting an angle of blending referencing to the gradient characteristic of the pixel values of the image line [As discussed earlier Campbell disclosed a system that measures pixel differences of the upper and lower lines and selects an angle of interpolation. However, Campbell does not disclose blending of these angles, but Hahn disclosed the blending/weighting of different angles of interpolation based on the calculated gradients. See the sections of Hahn referred to in rejection of instant claim 1.]

Instant Claim 12: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, further comprising: selecting an angle of blending according to the first pixel difference set and the second pixel difference set. [As pre rejection of instant claims 1, 8, and 11 Campbell has disclosed the 1st and 2nd pixel difference sets (related to gradients) and Hahn has disclosed the blending of the gradients (difference sets) and selection is performed by choosing the minimal sets and assigning greater weights to these.]

Instant Claim 13: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 12, further comprising: storing information relating to the angle of blending resulted from the course of a previous step of selecting the angle of blending. [Although storing of the information was not explicitly disclosed in Hahn Examiner takes Official Notice that this is a required step. In order to compare these

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values for selection of the correct blending that it would have been notoriously well known to one of ordinary skill in that art that it would have been necessary to store the difference sets (gradients) and the selected weights and angles of interpolation in order to perform the weighted interpolation.]

Instant Claim 14: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 13, wherein the angle of blending is selected referencing to the stroed stored information, in addition to the first pixel difference set and the second pixel difference set. [See rejection of instant claim 13.]

Instant Claim 15: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, wherein the blending step comprises: weighted blending a first derived pixel value and a second derived pixel value of the received pixel values of the image field. [Disclosed by Hahn and Campbell as per rejection of instant claims 1, 8, and 11.]

Instant Claim 16: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 15, wherein the first derived pixel value is derived from a plurality of pixel values along a selected angle of blending. [See Hahn and Campbell (column 12 lines 15-2) wherein interpolation is performed using at least 2 pixels in the determined direction(s) of interpolation.]

Instant Claim 17: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 15, wherein the second derived pixel value is derived from a plurality of pixel values along a normal axis. [Hahn in the sections listed for rejection of instant claims 1,8, and 11 and in the reference Figure 1 has disclosed the use of the normal axis as a direction of interpolation.]

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Instant Claim 18: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, wherein the blending step comprises: calculating a first weighting factor according to pixel values along a selected angle of blending. [See rejection of instant claims 15 and 16.]

Instant Claim 19: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 18, wherein the blending step further comprising: weighted blending the received values of the image field according to the first weighting factor. [Hahn has disclosed in the previously mentioned sections the weighted blending of interpolation by 2 or more weighting factors.]

Instant Claim 20: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 18, wherein the blending step further comprising: calculating a second weighting factor; and weighted blending the received values of the image field according to the first weighting factor and the second weighting factor.

[Hahn has disclosed in the previously mentioned sections the weighted blending of interpolation by 2 or more weighting factors.]

3. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Campbell in view of Hahn as applied to claim1 above, and further in view of De Haan (PCT Pub WO03/038753, also published as US 7206027).

Instant Claim 2: The intra-field interpolation method of claim 1, further comprising: low-pass filtering the received pixel values. [Campbell and Hahn do not teach the pre-filtering of the interlaced data. However, De Haan in column 2 lines 1-7 and column 3 lines 17-43 (US 7206027) teaches the LPF pre-filtering for decrease the impact of edges and decrease the noise sensitivity. Campbell, Hahn, and De Haan all teach deinterlacing/interpolation and thus it would

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have been obvious to combine the teachings of Campbell and Hahn with De Haan to decrease the noise of the deinterlaced image/video.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan Bloom whose telephone number is 571-272-9321. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Mancuso, can be reached on 571-272-7695. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nathan Bloom

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